

# Buildup, Breakdown and Drop

An initial experimental approach for explaining the emotional impact of DJ performances in Electronic Dance Music (EDM)

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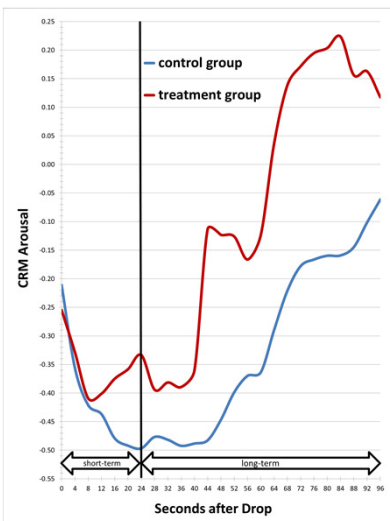
## Theory

- Phenomenon of “Buildups”, “Breakdowns” and “Drops” in EDM
  - “**buildup**”  
continually layering of musical structure in regular 2, 4, 6, 8, 16, 32 bar pattern parts
  - “**breakdown**”:  
end pattern (2+patt.) with reduced instrumentation, no bass drum, and silence at end
  - “**drop**”:  
return of base drum and/or core musical theme
  - Common DJ strategy:**  
Surprising prolongation of breakdown by use of filters, loops and Equalizers  
→ often experienced as very emotional – but why?
- Adoption to Contrastive valence theory (Huron 2006)**
  - Disappointment regarding anticipated drop produces (negative/arousing) stress reaction
  - Release of endorphins: long-term time increase in positive valence
- Research Hypotheses:**
  - “too late drop” → short-term increase / long-term increase in listeners’ felt arousal
  - “too late drop” → short-term decrease / long-term increase in listeners’ positive valence



Techno DJ Jeff Mills at work in 2007 (Photo taken by Zoe, Seattle, USA, CC-License)

## Results 1: CRM - Arousal



Linear Mixed Growth Curve Model “Arousal”: Fixed Effects				
Predictor	df	F-value		p
Intercept (baseline)	23.041	50.683		0.001***
Breakdown Intercept	1180.297	3.298		0.070(*)
Short-term intercept	1176.975	5.713		0.017*
Long-term intercept	1177.643	41.181		0.001***
Time (baseline slope)	1176.947	26.342		0.001***
Time * Breakdown	1180.838	0.111		0.739
Time * Short-term (neg. slope)	1176.947	6.852		0.009**
Time * Long-term (pos. slope)	1176.947	21.429		0.001***
Treatment * Short-term	1177.992	1.220		0.270
Treatment * Long-term (elevated intercept)	1177.624	6.586		0.010*
Treatment * Time * Short-term	1176.947	1.376		0.241
Treatment * Time * Long-term (inc. slope)	1176.947	4.262		0.039

Linear Mixed Growth Curve Model “Arousal”: Random Effects					
Parameter	Est.	SE	Wald-Z	p	
Residual	0.100	0.004	24.258	0.001***	
Intercept [Subject]	Variance	0.076	0.027	2.852	0.004**

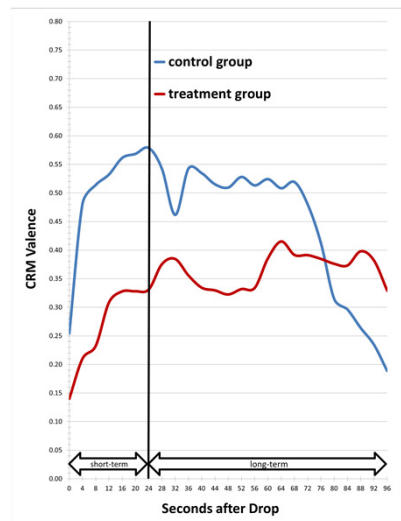
## Methods

- Subjects**
  - 18 participants (23-30y) with a personal preference for EDM
- Treatment**
  - EDM Audio-Track: “Chardronnet vs. Afrilounge: Shake it!” (7:03m)
  - Control Stimulus: Original Track
  - Treatment Stimulus: Original Track with prolonged (doubled) 2nd breakdown after 268s
- Measurement**
  - Emujoy-Application (Nagel et al. 2007)
  - JAVA-based 2-dimensional (arousal / valence) CRM-software
- Procedure**
  - Questionnaire overall and club music consumption
  - Assignment to treatment groups on basis of questionnaire data
  - Subjects listened via headphones and had to continuously rate their feelings
  - Initial listening to a training audio track, afterwards either treatment or control
- Analysis**
  - Downsampling of CRM-data (1 Sample / 4 seconds) to remove higher order autocorrelations
  - Analysis of arousal/valence data regarding 2<sup>nd</sup> breakdown (taking 1:44m before as baseline measurement)
  - 2 LMM Growth Curve Fittings (L1 - Subject, L2 - Time, AR1 residuals, timeslope & effect-dummies)
  - Explorative selection of time frames for short-term / long-term effects

## Discussion

- Treatment Effects on Arousal**
  - Elevated long-term intercept: Due to longer increase in arousal during breakdown (disapp.)
  - Increase in long-term slope: Release of endorphines according to Contrastive Valence Theory → contrastive reaction (unexpectedly) exhibits ~ 24s latency
- Treatment Effects on Valence**
  - Lowered long-term intercept: Due to longer decrease in valence during breakdown (disapp.)
  - Increase in long-term slope: Release of endorphines according to Contrastive Valence Theory → contrastive reaction (unexpectedly) exhibits ~ 24s latency
- General Discussion**
  - Contrastive Valence Theory applicable to DJ techniques in EDM!
  - Long latency explainable through translation from ANS to CRM and formal features of the track
  - Anticipation of formal structural parts important device of affective musical experience in EDM
  - EDM music suitable for neuropsychological experiments with expectation related paradigms
  - Further explorations of EDM-specific question regarding music and emotions (Bass, Groove)?
- Outlook**
  - Replication of results with employing ANS-measurements
  - Replication of results with employing “true” DJ techniques and with different EDM tracks

## Results 2: CRM - Valence



Linear Mixed Growth Curve Model “Valence”: Fixed Effects				
Predictor	df	F-value		p
Intercept (baseline)	46.941	23.993		0.001***
Breakdown Intercept	303.021	3.459		0.064(*)
Short-term intercept	512.590	13.114		0.001***
Long-term intercept	144.799	18.477		0.001***
Time (baseline slope)	101.058	4.192		0.043*
Time * Breakdown (neg. slope)	280.171	3.582		0.059(*)
Time * Short-term (pos. slope)	421.719	15.336		0.001***
Time * Long-term (neg. slope)	92.625	6.982		0.010*
Treatment * Short-term	612.056	0.020		0.887
Treatment * Long-term (lowered intercept)	277.149	4.264		0.040*
Treatment * Time * Short-term	500.396	0.824		0.364
Treatment * Time * Long-term (incr. slope)	190.416	5.125		0.025*

Linear Mixed Growth Curve Model “Valence”: Random Effects					
Parameter	Est.	SE	Wald-Z	p	
Repeated	AR1.diagonal	0.101	0.024	4.659	0.001***
Measures	AR1.Rho	0.933	0.014	64.687	0.001***
Intercept [Subj]	Variance	0.056	0.033	1.682	0.093(*)